

CLAIMS

1. A method for the purification of a virus from a host cell, said method comprising in the given order the steps of:
 - 5 a) culturing host cells that are infected with a virus,
 - b) adding nuclease to the cell culture, and
 - c) lysing said host cells to provide a lysate comprising the virus.
- 10 2. A method according to claim 1, said method further comprising:
 - d) clarification of the lysate.
- 15 3. A method according to claim 1 or claim 2, said method further comprising:
 - e) further purifying the virus with at least one chromatography step.
- 20 4. A method according to any one of claims 1-3, wherein said virus is a recombinant adenovirus.
5. A method according to any one of claims 1-4, wherein the nuclease of step b) is Benzonase.
- 25 6. A method according to any one of claims 1-5, wherein step c) of lysing the host cells is performed with a detergent.
- 30 7. A method according to claim 6, wherein the detergent is Triton-X100.

8. A method according to any one of claims 2-7, wherein step
d) comprises depth filtration and membrane filtration.
9. A method according to claim 8, wherein the membrane
5 filtration is performed using a combination of 0.8µm and
0.45 µm filters.
10. A method according to any one of claims 3-9, wherein
prior to step e) the clarified lysate is subjected to
10 ultrafiltration and/or diafiltration.
11. A method according to claim 10, wherein the clarified
lysate that is subjected to diafiltration is exchanged
against a solution comprising 0.8-2.0 M NaCl, preferably
15 about 1 M NaCl, or another salt providing an equivalent
ionic strength.
12. A method according to any one of claims 4-11, wherein
step e) comprises anion exchange chromatography.
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13. A method according to claim 12, wherein said anion
exchange chromatography is performed using a charged
filter comprising anion exchange groups.
- 25 14. A method according to any one of claims 4-13, wherein
step e) comprises size exclusion chromatography.
15. A method according to any one of claims 4-14, wherein
step e) comprises:
30 e,i) anion exchange chromatography, and
e,ii) size exclusion chromatography.

16. A method according to claim 15, wherein the mixture
containing the recombinant adenovirus is buffer exchanged
with a solution comprising at least 2 M NaCl, or another
salt providing an equivalent ionic strength, between said
steps of anion exchange chromatography and size exclusion
chromatography.
17. A process according to any one of claims 4-16, wherein
the buffers used in steps d) and subsequent steps are
free of detergent, magnesiumchloride and sucrose.
18. A method for the purification of a virus that is capable
of lysing host cells, said method comprising the steps
of:
- a) culturing host cells comprising said virus capable of
lysing host cells,
 - b) harvesting virus following their release into culture
fluid without addition of an external lysis factor,
characterized in that a nuclease is added to the culture
before 95% of the host cells has been lysed.
19. A method for the production of a virus comprising a
nucleic acid sequence coding for a nucleoprotein of a
heamorrhagic fever virus, comprising the steps of:
- a) culturing host cells that have been infected with said
virus,
 - b) subjecting said culture of host cells comprising said
virus to lysis of the host cells to provide a lysate
comprising said virus,
 - c) subjecting the virus to anion exchange chromatography,
characterized in that after anion exchange chromatography
the virus containing mixture is buffer exchanged with a

solution comprising at least 1 M NaCl, or another salt providing an equivalent ionic strength and/or with a solution comprising at least 1% of a detergent.

- 5 20. A method according to claim 19, wherein the virus containing mixture is buffer exchanged at least once with a solution comprising at least 1 M NaCl, or another salt providing an equivalent ionic strength.
- 10 21. A method according to claim 19 or claim 20, wherein said virus is a recombinant adenovirus.
22. A method according to any one of claims 19-21, wherein said heamorrhagic fever virus is Ebolavirus.
- 15 23. A method according to any one of claims 20-22, wherein said solution comprises at least 1.5 M NaCl, or another salt providing an equivalent ionic strength.
- 20 24. A method according to claim 23, wherein said solution comprises at least 2 M NaCl, or another salt providing an equivalent ionic strength.
- 25 25. A method according to claim 24, wherein said solution comprises at least 3 M NaCl, or another salt providing an equivalent ionic strength.
- 30 26. A method according to claim 25, wherein said solution comprises about 5 M NaCl, or another salt providing an equivalent ionic strength.

27. A method according to any one of claims 19-26, further comprising filtering the virus containing mixture that is buffer exchanged through a hydrophilic filter with a pore size of 1.2 μm or less.
- 5 28. A method according to claim 27, wherein said pore size is about 0.45 μm or about 0.22 μm .
- 10 29. A method according to any one of claims 19-28, further comprising subjecting the virus containing mixture that is buffer exchanged to size exclusion chromatography.
- 15 30. A method for removing free adenovirus proteins from a recombinant adenovirus preparation, comprising the step of: subjecting a recombinant adenovirus preparation comprising free adenovirus proteins to a charged filter that contains anion exchange groups.
- 20 31. A method according to claim 30, wherein said recombinant adenovirus preparation comprises a subgroup B recombinant adenovirus.
- 25 32. A method according to claim 30 or claim 31, wherein said recombinant adenovirus is an Ad35 recombinant adenovirus.